

EOLP-1596-80-N Series

**1550nm SFP+ single-Mode Transceiver, With Diagnostic Monitoring
Duplex SFP+ Transceiver
RoHS 6 Compliant**



Features

- ◆ 1550nm cooled EML Transmitter
- ◆ High sensitivity APD Receiver
- ◆ Distance up to 80km over SMF
- ◆ Single 3.3V Power supply and TTL Logic Interface
- ◆ Duplex LC Connector Interface
- ◆ Hot Pluggable
- ◆ Power Dissipation < 1.5 W
- ◆ Dispersion Tolerance 1600ps/nm
- ◆ Operating Case Temperature
Standard: 0°C~+70°C
Extended: -20°C~+75°C
- ◆ Compliant with SFF-8431 MSA
- ◆ Compliant with SFF-8432 MSA
- ◆ Compliant with SFF-8472 MSA

Applications

- ◆ 10GBASE-ZR/ZW
- ◆ 10G FC
- ◆ OBSAI rates 6.144 Gb/s, 3.072 Gb/s,
1.536 Gb/s, 0.768Gb/s
- ◆ CPRI rates 10.138Gb/s, 9.830
Gb/s, 7.373Gb/s, 6.144 Gb/s, 4.915 Gb/s,
2.458 Gb/s, 1.229 Gb/s, 0.614Gb/s
- ◆ Other Optical Links

Ordering information

Part No.	Data Rate	Laser	Temp.	Distance	CDR	DDMI
EOLP-1596-80-N* <small>Note1</small>	0.6Gbps to 11.3Gbps	1550nm EML	Standard	80km	NO	YES
EOLP-1596-80-IN	0.6Gbps to 11.3Gbps	1550nm EML	Extended	80km	NO	YES

Note1: Standard version

*The product image only for reference purpose.

Regulatory Compliance^{*Note2}

Product Certificate	Certificate Number	Applicable Standard
TUV	R50135086	EN 60950-1:2006+A11+A1+A12+A2
		EN 60825-1:2014
		EN 60825-2:2004+A1+A2
UL	E317337	UL 60950-1
		CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07
EMC CE	AE 50285865 0001	EN 55022:2010
		EN 55024:2010
FCC	WTF14F0514417E	47 CFR PART 15 OCT., 2013
FDA	/	CDRH 1040.10
ROHS	/	2011/65/EU

Note2: The above certificate number updated to June 2014, because some certificate will be updated every year, such as FDA and ROHS. For the latest certification information, please check with Eoptolink.

Product Description

The EOLP-1596-80-X series single mode transceiver is small form factor pluggable module for duplex optical data communications of 10G. It is with the SFP+ 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

This module is designed for single mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of 1550 nm. The transmitter section uses a 1550nm EML, which is class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC-60825.

The receiver section uses an integrated InGaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

Absolute Maximum Ratings^{*Note3}

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _s	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5	3.6	V

*Note3: Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device permanently.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	T _c	Standard	0	+70	°C
		Extended	-20	+75	
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Supply Current	I _{cc}			455	mA
Surge Current	I _{surge}			+30	mA
Baud Rate	EOLP-1596-80-XN	0.6		11.3	Gbit/s

Performance Specifications – Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
CML Inputs(Differential)	V _{in}	150		1200	mVpp	AC coupled inputs
Input Impedance (Differential)	Z _{in}	85	100	115	ohms	R _{in} > 100 kohms @ DC
Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage – High		2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	
Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage – Low		0		0.8	V	
Tx_FAULT Output Voltage – High		2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	I _o = 400μA; Host V _{cc}
Tx_FAULT Output Voltage – Low		0		0.5	V	I _o = -4.0mA
Receiver						
CML Outputs (Differential)	V _{out}	350		700	mVpp	AC coupled outputs
Output Impedance (Differential)	Z _{out}	85	100	115	ohms	
Rx_LOS Output Voltage – High		2		V _{cc} +0.3	V	I _o = 400μA; Host V _{cc}
Rx_LOS Output Voltage – Low		0		0.8	V	I _o = -4.0Ma
MOD_DEF (2:0)	VoH	2.5			V	With Serial ID
	VoL	0		0.5	V	

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

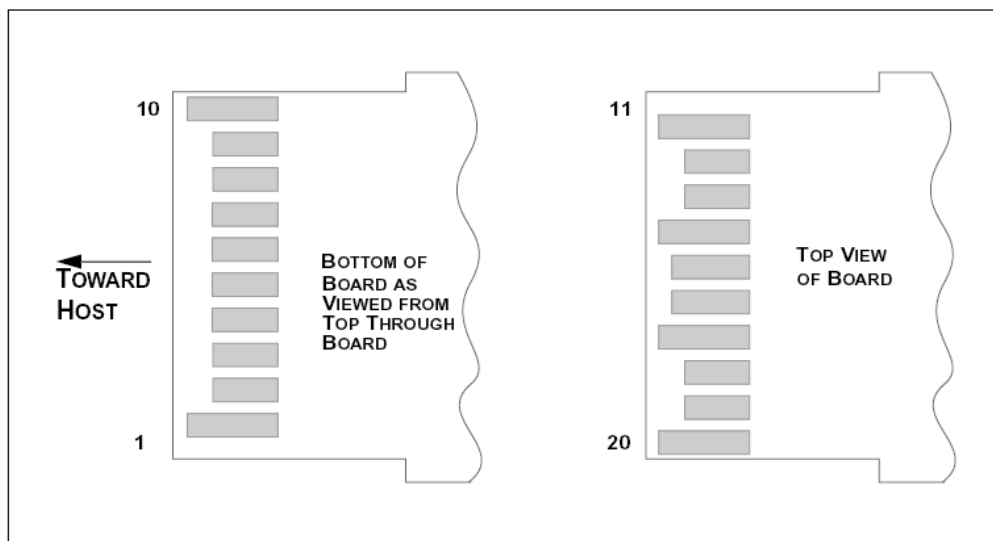
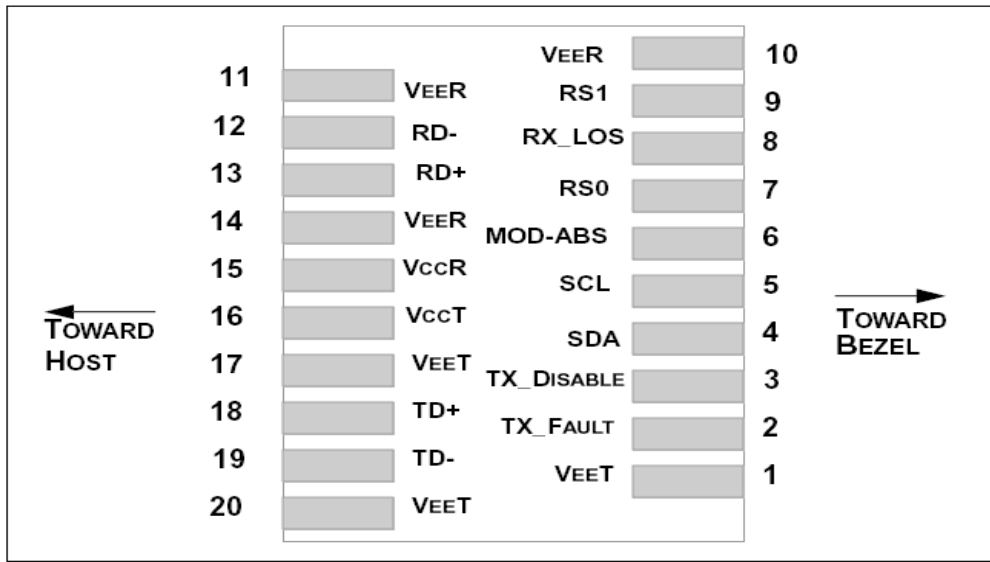
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
9μm Core Diameter SMF			80		km
Transmitter					
Centre Wavelength	λ _c	1528	1550	1565	nm
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB
Average Output Power*note4	P _{out, AVG}	0		5	dBm
Extinction Ratio, EOLP-1596-80-N	ER	3.5			dB
Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty	TDP			3	dB
Average Power of OFF Transmitter				-30	dBm
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-128	dB/Hz
Input Differential Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω
TX Disable Assert Time	t _{off}			10	us

Receiver					
Centre Wavelength	λ_C	1260		1600	nm
Sensitivity*note5	P_{IN}			-23	dBm
Receiver Overload	P_{MAX}	-8			dBm
Output Differential Impedance	P_{IN}	90	100	110	Ω
LOS De-Assert	LOS_D			-24	dBm
LOS Assert	LOS_A	-36			dBm

Note4: Output is coupled into a 9/125um SMF.

Note5: Minimum average optical power measured at the BER less than 1E-12, back to back. The measure pattern is PRBS 2³¹-1.

SFP+ Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



Pin Function Definitions

Pin Num.	Name	FUNCTION	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2, Module disables on high or open
4	SDA	Module Definition 2	3	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line.
5	SCL	Module Definition 1	3	2-wire Serial Interface Clock.
6	MOD_ABS	Module Definition 0	3	Note 3
7	RS0	RX Rate Select (LVTTL).	3	No Function Implement
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	RS1	TX Rate Select (LVTTL).	1	No Function Implement
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 6
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 6
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	Note 5
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	3.3 ± 5%, Note 7
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	3.3 ± 5%, Note 7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Note 5

Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10KΩ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7K – 10 KΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 – 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

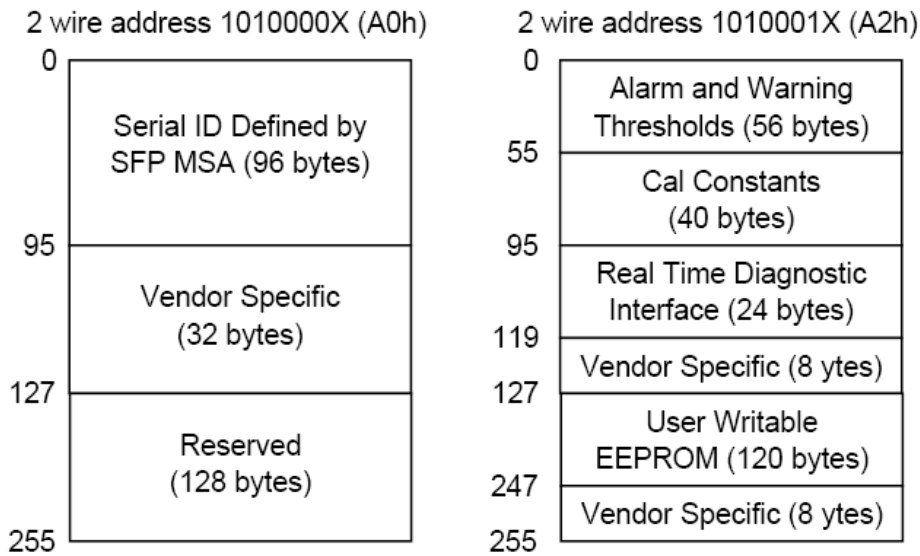
3) Module Absent, connected to VeeT or VeeR in the module.

- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and $V_{ccT}/R+0.3V$. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 5) The module signal ground contacts, VeeR and VeeT, should be isolated from the module case.
- 6) RD-/+ : These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 350 and 700 mV differential (175 –350 mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP+ connector pin. Maximum supply current is 725mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP+ input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP+ transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP+ transceiver module.
- 8) TD-/+ : These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 150 – 1200 mV (75 – 600mV single-ended).

EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not writing protected within the SFP+ transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP+ transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 10.2.



EEPROM Address			A0h	Version	V1.0
Data Addr	Field Size (Byte)	Name Of filed	Description of field	Coded value	Hex
BASE ID FIELDS					
0	1	Identifier	Type of serial transceiver	SFP+	03
1	1	Ext.Identifier	Extended identifier of Type of serial transceiver	MOD_DEF 4	04
2	1	Connector	Code for connector type	LC	07
3	8	Transceiver	10G Ethernet Compliance Codes & Infiniband Compliance Codes	10G Base-ER	80
4			Part of SONET Compliance Codes		00
5			SONET Compliance Codes		00
6			Ethernet Compliance Codes		00
7			Fiber Channel link length & part of Fibre Channel technology		00
8			Part of Fiber Channel transmitter technology		00
9			Fiber Channel Transmission media		00
10			Fiber Channel speed		00
11	1	Encoding	Code for high speed serial encoding algorithm	64B/66B	06
12	1	BR, Nominal	Nominal signalling rate, units of 100MBd.	10.3Gbps	67
13	1	Rate Identifier	Type of rate select functionality		00
14	1	Length(SMF,km)	Link length supported for single mode fiber, units of km	80(km)	50

15	1	Length (SMF)	Link length supported for single mode fiber, units of 100 m	25.5(km)	FF
16	1	Length (50um)	Link length supported for 50 um OM2 fiber, units of 10 m		00
17	1	Length (62.5um)	Link length supported for 62.5 um OM1 fiber, units of 10 m		00
18	1	Length (Copper)	Link length supported for copper, units of meters		00
19	1	Length (OM3)	Link length supported for 50 um OM3 fiber, units of 10 m		00
20	16	Vendor name	Vendor name (ASCII)	E	45
21				o	6F
22				p	70
23				t	74
24				o	6F
25				l	6C
26				i	69
27				n	6E
28				k	6B
29				<space>	20
30				<space>	20
31				<space>	20
32				<space>	20
33				<space>	20
34				<space>	20
35				<space>	20
36	1	Reserved			00
37	3	Vendor OUI	SFP vendor IEEE company ID		00
38					00
39					00
40	16	Vendor PN	Part number provided by vendor (ASCII)	E	45
41				O	4F
42				L	4C
43				P	50
44				-	2D
45				1	31
46				5	35
47				9	39
48				6	36
49				-	2D
50				8	38
51				0	30

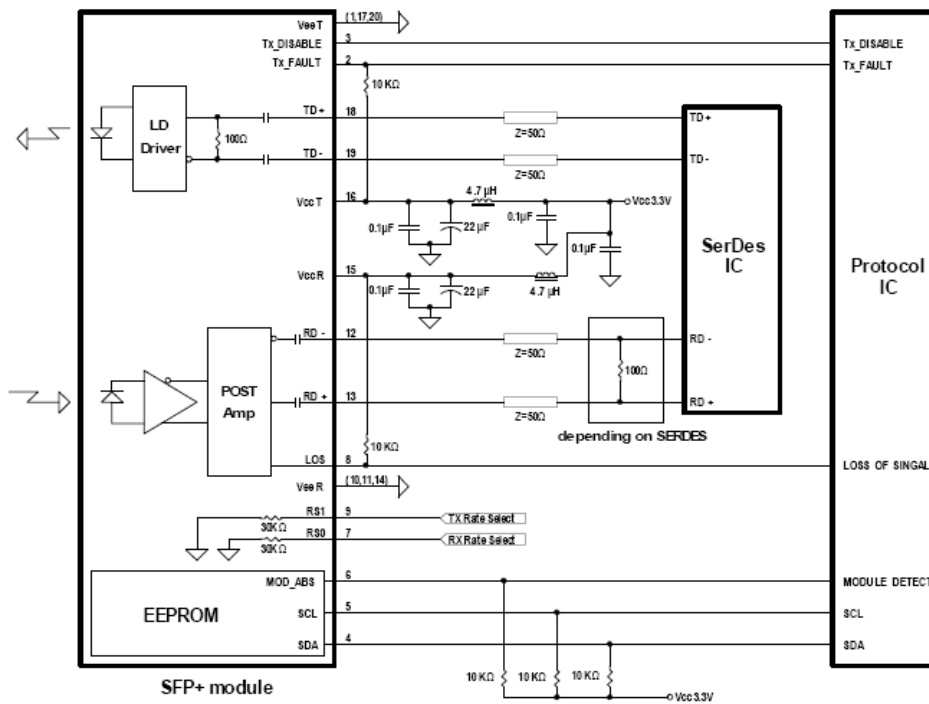
52				-	2D
53				I/N	49/4E
54				N/<space>	4E/20
55				<space>	20
56	4	Vendor rev	Revision level for part number provided by vendor (ASCII)	1	31
57				.	2E
58				1	31
59				<space>	20
60	2	Wavelength	Laser Wavelength	1550nm	06
61					0E
62	1	Reserved			00
63	1	CC_BASE	Check code for Base ID Fields (addresses 0 to 62)	Note6	xx
64	2	Options	Indicates which optional transceiver signals are implemented	TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT signal, Rx_LOS	00
65					1A
66	1	BR, max	Upper bit rate margin, units of %		00
67	1	BR, min	Lower bit rate margin, units of %		00
68	16	Vendor SN	Serial number provided by vendor (ASCII)	x	xx
69				x	xx
70				x	xx
71				x	xx
72				x	xx
73				x	xx
74				x	xx
75				x	xx
76				x	xx
77				x	xx
78				<space>	20
79				<space>	20
80				<space>	20
81				<space>	20
82				<space>	20
83				<space>	20
84	8	Date code	Vendor's manufacturing date code	Year	xx
85				Year	xx
86				Month	xx
87				Month	xx
88				Day	xx
89				Day	xx
90				<Space>	20
91				<Space>	20

92	1	Diagnostic Monitoring Type	Type of diagnostic monitoring is implemented	DD Implemented; Internally Calibrated; Average Power	68
93	1	Enhanced Options	Optional enhanced features are implemented	Optional Alarm/warning Flags Implemented, Optional soft TX_FAULT monitoring, Optional soft RX_LOS monitoring	B0
94	1	SFF-8472 Compliance	Revision of SFF-8472 the transceiver complies with	Rev 10.2 of SFF-8472.	03
95	1	CC_EXT	Check code for the Extended ID Fields (addresses 64 to 94)	Note 7	

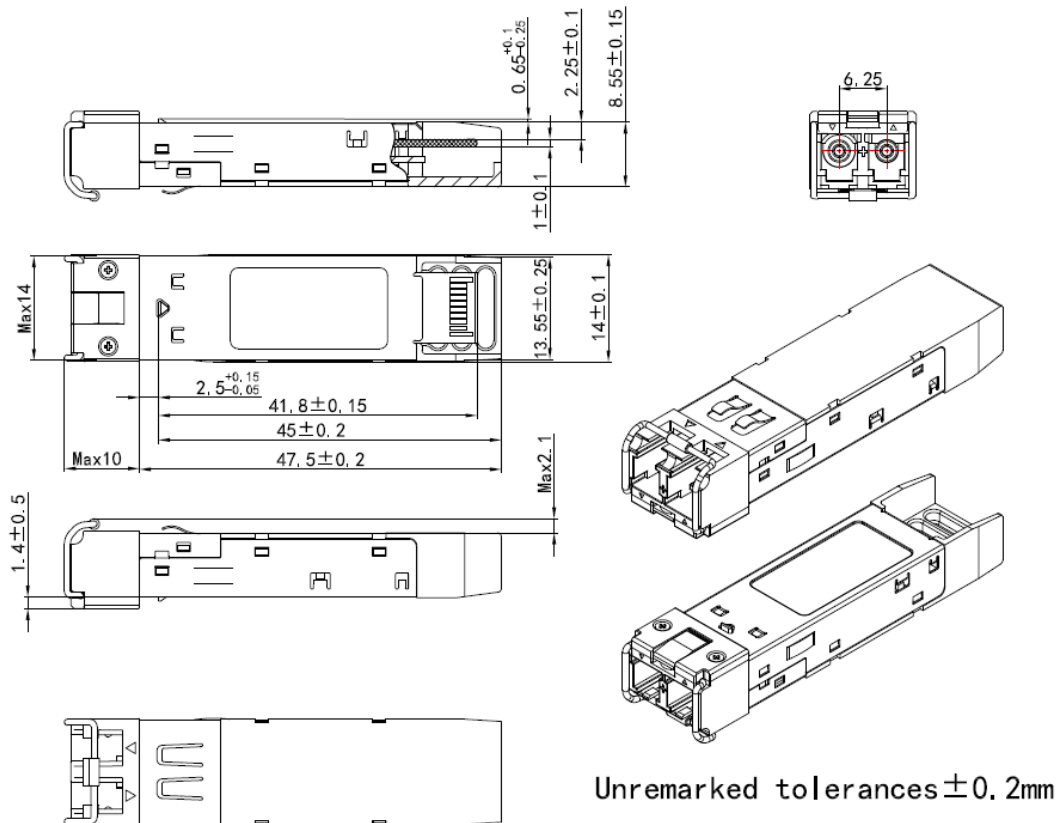
Note6: The check code shall be the low order 8 bits of the sum of the contents of all the bytes from byte 0 to byte 62, inclusive.

Note 7: The check code shall be the low order 8 bits of the sum of the contents of all the bytes from byte 64 to byte 94, inclusive.

Recommend Circuit Schematic



Mechanical Specifications*



*This 2D drawing only for reference, please check with Eoptolink before ordering.

Eye Safety

This single-mode transceiver is a Class 1 laser product. It complies with IEC-60825 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. The transceiver must be operated within the specified temperature and voltage limits. The optical ports of the module shall be terminated with an optical connector or with a dust plug.

Obtaining Document

You can visit our website:

<http://www.eoptolink.com>

Or contact Eoptolink Technology Inc., Ltd. Listed at the end of the documentation to get the latest document.

Revision History

Revision	Initiated	Reviewed	Approved	DCN	Release Date
V1.a	Alex	Kelly	.	New released	July 16, 2012
V1.b	Angela	Kelly		Update mechanical spec. & power dissipation & Er & application.	July 24, 2012
V1.c	Angela	Kelly		Update photo.	July 28, 2012
V1.d	Angela	Kelly		Update Power Dissipation & Icc & Pout, AVG	July 30, 2012
V1.e	JP.jiang Abby	Kelly		Update LOSA	Jan 16, 2013
V1.f	Angela,	Kelly		Update pin definition notes	Jan 28, 2013
V1.g	Angela	Kelly		Correct note5	July 1, 2013
V1.h	Angela	Fing/JP.jiang/ Eason		Update minimum TX output power from -1dBm to 0dBm.	August 6, 2013
V2.0	Abby	Kelly/Vina		Update Regulatory Compliance and Mechanical Specifications	Feb 4, 2015
V2.a	Angela	Kelly/Vina/Fing/ Jp/Eason/ Jason		Add industrial case temperature and OBSAI/CPRI application, update the tolerances of 2D drawing.	May 18,2015
V2.b	Angela	Kelly/Fing/JP/Ea son		Update the temperature range and regulatory compliance.	Dec 17,2015
V2.c	Angela	Kelly		Corrected some slip of the	April 14,2016

				pen.	
V2.d	Angela	Kelly/Abby/Vina		Update the application and 2D drawing.	Aug 02,2016
V2.e	Angela	Kelly/Vina/Dean/Chao.Wang		Update the CPRI data rates and the 2D drawing.	Nov 29,2016
V2.f	Angela/Wan.Yi	Young		Add the EEPROM contents of A0h.	August 11, 2017
V2.g	Angela	Kelly/Eliane/Marvin/ Torres/Sky William/Chao.Wang		Update the RS0/RS1 Pin function definition notes, picture and 2D drawing. Update the contact.	March 21, 2018

Notice:

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